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1. About the PowerChart Course

Using This Reference Guide

This training guide was designed to help new users learn how to use PowerChart. The information in this guide was designed to support hands-on learning.

We have included pictures of various system screens to familiarize you with how the PowerChart application functions and how the look and patient information is displayed. These are only a small sample of the screens you will use. As you move through the manual you may see information repeated more than once. This is intended to assist you in selecting the proper method for the task you are performing.

**IMPORTANT NOTE**

There are many data tabs through out PowerChart. Depending on your position in the department, only the tabs that pertain to you role will be viewable with your sign-on. To get to the selected list, click once on the tab name.

**IMPORTANT NOTE**

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Audience

The target audience will consist of MCG Health System end users who will be using PowerChart in their daily routines.

Prerequisites

All participants are expected to be competent in the following skill areas:

- Computer basics
- Microsoft Windows
Information Security and Confidentiality

When dealing with computerized health care records, specific confidentiality and security issues must be followed to protect the patient. Also, there are a growing number of HIPAA and JCAHO regulations that dictate how these records are handled.

Please Remember:

- When selecting a password, don’t choose anything obvious, such as your birth date, social security number, or spouse and children’s names.
- Do not tell anyone your password.
- Your system may require you to change your password at regular intervals.
- When you open a chart you will be asked to identify your relationship to the patient. (For example: RN, LPN, unit secretary, admitting physician, consulting physician, etc.).
- The system keeps an audit trail, or record, of who enters each chart and at what time. It records who read the chart.
- Do not leave the computer while still signed on; ALWAYS log off the system.
- Do not access any charts that do not apply to your current job and caseload.

Each facility has its own specific confidentiality and information security policies. These policies describe the repercussions of not following these rules. Please review your hospital’s policy and procedure manual for information regarding patient confidentiality and system security requirements.
Learning Objectives

At the end of the training session, class participants will be able to perform the following task:

- Logon to Citrix
- Logon to PowerChart
- Create Patient Lists
- Locate a Patient
- Navigate the Patient’s chart
- View Results
- Assign Proxies
Terms To Know

The following terms will be used frequently in this manual and in the class sessions.

- **Click** – To tap on a mouse button, pressing it down and then immediately releasing it. The phrase to ‘click on’ means to select (a screen object) by moving the mouse pointer to the objects position and clicking the left mouse button.

- **Cursor** – The flashing marker that tells you where you are on the screen.

- **Default** – Preset information in the system that automatically appears.

- **Double click** – Clicking a mouse button twice in rapid succession. The second click must immediately follow the first; otherwise the program will interpret them as two separate clicks rather than one double-click.

- **Dithered** – Icon or menu item that is gray in color, which is not available to use or select.

- **Encounter** - A single patient interaction. The following interactions are examples of encounters:
  
  Patient registered as an inpatient
  
  Patient registered as an outpatient

- **Left click** – To click the left mouse button. When instructions call for a screen object to be “clicked” a left-click is inferred.

- **Right click** – To click the right mouse button. A right-click opens a drop-down menu with a list of options.

- **Maximize** – Located on the menu bar or title bar (very top colored bar) of the active window. It is used to maximize the window so that it takes up the entire desktop.

- **Menu** – Displays a list of commands. Some of the commands have images next to them so you can quickly associate the command with the image. Menus are located on the menu bar at the top of the PowerChart window.

- **Minimize** – Located on the menu bar or title bar (very top colored bar) of the active window. It is used to minimize the window so that it appears only on the Windows taskbar.

- **Mouse** – A device used to move the cursor around on the screen.

- **PC** – Personal computer.
- **Scrollbar** – Located on the right and bottom of some screens and is used to adjust the view on screen.

- **Shortcut Menu** – Available when you right-click text, objects, or other items.

- **Title bar** – Located at the top of the each window and is used to identify that window.

- **Toolbar** – A toolbar can contain buttons with images (the same images you see next to corresponding menu commands), menus, or a combination of both.
2. PowerChart Overview

PowerChart is the foundation of the Cerner Patient Care Suite. PowerChart is the application used to access a patient’s Electronic Medical Record (EMR). Your specific role will determine your level of access to PowerChart. You will use PowerChart to view lab (general lab, micro, and blood bank), radiology, transcription and anatomic pathology results.

PowerChart has two main areas; The Organizer and The Patient Chart (EMR)

The Organizer

- The Organizer is like a chart rack, which holds multiple medical records.

The Patient Chart (EMR)

- Individual patient medical records are similar to single patient charts.

Log on to PowerChart

There are 2 logon steps to PowerChart. The first logon is to the MCGHI Portal Icon on the desktop to access Citrix. The second logon is to Cerner Millennium PowerChart.

1. Double-click the MCGHI Portal icon on the desktop to access Citrix.

   ![MCGHI Portal Icon](image)

   MCGHI Portal Icon

2. The MCGHI Citrix logon window opens.
3. Your logon GroupWise email name is your Citrix User Name.
4. The first time logon default password is 6 lowercase p’s. New password must be at least 6 characters.

5. The 2nd logon and the Cerner window displays.

6. In the User Name field, enter your unique GroupWise username.

   **Note:** When you log-on into PowerChart for the first time, your password will be the same as your User Name. You must change your password during the first log-on session.

7. In the Password field, enter your password.

8. Click on the OK button. PowerChart will open to your default organizer view based on your role/position (Physician, Resident, RN, Respiratory Therapist, etc.).
Announcement Window Overview

1. The announcement window will appear every time you login unless you check the “Don’t show again until new information has been posted” box.

2. This window will appear every time a new message is posted.
Organizer Window Overview

- **Title Bar** – Displays the application and name of the person signed on.
- **Menu Bar** – Menu options will change as Organizer tabs are selected.
- **Toolbar** – Icons available to use based on the Organizer tab selected.
- **Organizer Tabs**– The Organizer is like a chart rack that holds multiple medical records organized specifically for easy access to patient and caretaker activities.
# PowerChart Toolbar Buttons

The following Icons provide easy access to Organizer and Chart functions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Button</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Find Patient</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Change User</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Launch Application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Launch Clinical Calculator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Print</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Copy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Paste</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>What’s This? Help</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>List Maintenance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Add Patient</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remove Patient</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>View Charges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Select All Patients</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Clear All Selections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Graph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Open Organizer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Seeker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bookmark</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="As Of 4:29 PM" /></td>
<td>As Of - Refreshes information on the screen to reflect any changes that have occurred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Results Info</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Search</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>New Result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exit current window</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ellipsis</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Working with the Patient List - Practice Scenario

Any time during your shift, if your assignment changes, you can modify your patient list. Or, if your assignment takes you to a different floor, you can create a patient list for that location. The Patient List allows you to view all patients in a certain category, such as location, relationship category, attending physician or your own custom patient list.

In this scenario, you will:

- Create a Location List
- Create a Custom List
- Add Patients to a Custom List
- Delete Patient from a Custom List
- Create a Visit Relationship List

Create a Location List

1. Click the List Maintenance icon on the tool bar. The Modify Patient Lists window will display.

2. Click New. The Patient List Type window displays
3. Select Location from the available patient list types.

4. Click Next and the Location Patient List dialog box displays.

5. Click the plus symbol to the left of MCG Medical Center or Children’s Medical Center.

6. Click the plus symbol to the left of MCG Medical Center or Children’s Medical Center. The various units and departments within these facilities are displayed.
7. Highlight the appropriate unit or department.

8. Click **Finish**.

9. Select from the Available lists window, the new location.

10. Click the Right Arrow \(\rightarrow\) to move the location to the Active list.

11. Click OK

12. Then, to display the new list, click on the tab displaying the name of the department you just added.

13. Location Lists will maintain themselves. Patients are automatically added to them when the patient is admitted to or transferred to that location, and patients will automatically be removed from the list the day after the patient is discharged or transferred from the unit.

### Create a Custom List

A custom list is different than a location list in that a location list is pre-defined in the system. A custom list is unique to and created by the end user. The end user must maintain the list by adding or removing patients from the list.

1. From the Patient List tab, click the List Maintenance toolbar icon \(\text{List Maintenance}\).

2. Click New.

3. Click Custom.

4. Click Next.

5. Enter the desired name for your custom list.

6. Click Finish.

7. Select the list in the Available lists window and click the right arrow to move the custom list to the Active list window.

8. Click OK.
Add Patients to Custom List

1. From your custom list tab, click Add Patient on the toolbar.
2. Search for a patient.
3. Select the desired patient.
4. Click OK.
5. Repeat to add the appropriate patients for whom you will be caring.

Delete Patient from Custom List

1. From your custom list tab, select the patient to be removed.
2. Click Remove Patient.
3. The patient is removed from your custom list.

Create a Visit Relationship List

A Visit Relationship List is based on the type of relationship that you have with the patient, such as admitting or attending. This list will maintain itself. Patient’s will be automatically added to it when you establish a relationship and will automatically be removed the day after the patient is discharged.

1. From the Patient List tab, click the List Maintenance toolbar icon.
2. Click New.
3. Click Visit Relationship
4. Click Next and the View Relation Patient List dialog box displays
5. Select your visit relationship(s)
6. Click Next and enter the appropriate filters, if desired. Then click Finish.
4. Using Proxies - Practice Scenario

Using Proxies - Practice Scenario

If you need to allow another clinician to view your Patient List, give the clinician Proxy rights.

1. In the Proxy box click on New.

2. Enter a provider name in the Provider field.
3. Then click on Access and select the appropriate Access, such as Full Access, Maintain, or Read.

4. Enter the date range that you want the proxy to be in effect.

5. Then click Apply.

6. Then click Next.

7. Then click the appropriate Facility. Then click Finish.
5. Finding a Patient - Practice

Scenario

If you do not find a patient listed on your Patient List, use the Person Search feature to locate the patient. You can also use the Patient Search to obtain basic patient demographic information without accessing the chart.

In this scenario, you will:

- Locate a patient
- Preview patient information
Locate a Patient

1. Click the Find Patient icon on the toolbar to open the Person Search window.

2. Enter the patient’s last name, first name in the Name field.

   **Note:** If you don’t know the correct spelling of the last name, enter at least the first three letters.

3. Click Search

4. Ensure the correct patient (upper window pane) and patient encounter (lower window pane) are selected.

Preview Patient Information

1. Click Preview to view patient information.

   **Note:** Be sure to select the appropriate encounter.

2. Use the drop down window to access more information.
3. Click Close when finished.
6. EMR Overview – Practice Scenario

The second part of PowerChart is the EMR or Electronic Medical Record. The EMR provides electronic access to various views of patient information. In the paper world, such information is accumulated in the patient chart. Since the paper chart is a physical entity, only one healthcare professional can have access to the total information at a time. Multiple users can access the single chart at the same time.

In this scenario, you will:

- View the three hyperlinks

Patient Chart Overview

The patient chart consist of the following common elements:

1. Title Bar – Indicates the patient chart you are viewing
2. Menu Bar – Includes functionality grouped into drop-down menus
3. Tool Bar – Includes functionality grouped into icons
4. Demographics Bar – Displays patient information
5. Patient Chart Views – Allows the user to adjust the chart timeframe
Demographics Bar

The demographics bar contains basic patient information, and includes three hyperlinks with a quick snapshot of convenient information so that you will not have to change views in order to find certain types of information. When you place the mouse pointer over a hyperlinked item, the cursor changes to a hand. Clicking the item will display the selected information.

Hyperlinks

1. **Name** - A brief summary of important patient demographic information is displayed. (View Only)

2. **Location** - The Visit List (encounter) is displayed with the active visit highlighted. Also, a brief summary of patient demographics is displayed. (View Only)

3. **Allergies** - A summary of any or no known allergies for the selected patient is displayed. (View Only)
7. Patient Chart Views (Patient Information)

The Patient Information tab is comprised of several sub-tabs providing you with more patient information. From these sub-tabs you will have access to view patient information. The following tabs are available from the Patient Information view:

- **Patient Demographics** – Read-only patient demographic information.
- **Visit List** – Read-only patient encounter (visit/admission) summary information.
- **Allergies** – A profile of allergies allows a clinician to track patient-specific allergy conditions from encounter to encounter. Use the allergy tab to view details and check for allergy interactions.
- **Patient Provider Relationship (PPR)** – A list of all the current and previous lifetime and visit relationships.
Patient Demographics

The first sub-tab under Patient Information is the view only of basic patient demographic information.

- All Aliases – such as MRN, SSN
- All Addresses
- All Phones

Visit List – Practice Scenario

The Visit List tab contains summary information of the patient’s visits to the facility.

In this scenario, you will:
- Change Visit List View
• Change Encounters

The top panel of the window displays a list of the patient visits with the most recent visit highlighted. Each row in the list represents a single encounter or visit. The bottom portion provides information describing the selected visit.

**Change Visit View**

1. Single-left click on the selected visit to change in the upper window pane.

2. The lower window will display the appropriate encounter information selected.
Changing Encounters

1. Double-click on the encounter to activate.

2. The Visit List dialog box displays, asking you to confirm that you want to change the visit selection.

![Visit List dialog box]

This will change your patient’s chart to the selected encounter. Do you want to continue?

Yes     No

3. Click Yes. The patient’s chart now reflects data from the selected encounter.

**Note:** Be sure to return to the current encounter before checking on any results.
8. Allergies – Practice Scenario

As part of the patient’s complete assessment, use the allergy profile to display recorded allergies, including allergy category, severity, type, onset date, reactions interaction checking, and notification. From the allergy profile you can view allergy details.

In this scenario, you will:

- View an Allergy
View an Allergy

1. Right-click on the allergy substance (e.g. Tylenol Cold) to display the pop-up Allergy Profile menu

2. Select View History of (name of allergy).

3. History data can be sorted chronologically or reverse by clicking on the appropriate radio button
9. Patient Provider Relationship (PPR) – Practice Scenario

PPR provides you a summary view of a patient’s relationship with healthcare providers known to the system. The view is divided into two panels: the upper list provides lifetime relationships (providers who are assigned as the patient’s primary caregivers e.g. physicians, social worker, case manager) and the lower for visit relationships (caregiver who opens the chart for the first time).

In this scenario, you will:

- View Relationship Information

Note: Relationships displayed with an “X” in the Selected column are the relationships associated with the primary encounter.
View Relationship Information

1. Select the relationship and right-click to display the Relationship pop-up menu.

2. Select from the Relationship menu the appropriate action.
10. Patient Chart Views (All Results) – Practice Scenario

All Results tab will display your patient’s results regardless of the clinical category.

In this scenario, you will:

- Change Result Search Criteria
- View Results
- Graph Results
- Bookmark Results
- Utilize Seeker

![Diagram of Patient Chart Views](image)

**Flowsheet Selector**

**View Selector**

**Information Bar**

**Results**

**Event**

**Result Categories**

**Navigator**
Changing Result Criteria

The Information Bar displays the date and time range for which results will be viewed.


2. Select Change Search Criteria.

The Search Criteria window offers you several options to customize the results being displayed.

- **Clinical Range** – Displays results with an occurrence time within the specified time range.
- **Posting Range** – Displays results that have posting times within the specified time range.
- **Result Count** – Allows you to select the specific number of latest entries to the patients’ chart to be displayed from 1–1,000.
- **New Results** – View only the results not yet marked as viewed.
- **Admission Date to Current Date** – View all results posted for the selected patient from admission date to current date.

For the purpose of this example **Admission Date to Current Date** will be used.

1. Select Admission Date to Current Date
2. Click OK to retrieve results in the chosen range.

**View Results**

PowerChart allows you to view details for individual results and mark them as reviewed. Results are posted in different colors representing various ranges. Results not yet reviewed are reported in blue text, results that have been Bookmarked are in black text and Critical are posted in red. High results have an H posted next to them and low results have an L posted next to them. Note: Results posted in red will remain red even after bookmaking.

1. From the All Results tab view; select Options on the menu bar.

2. Select Result Legend.

3. Click Close to exit the window.
View Details

1. Right-click on the specific result. A selection menu displays.

2. Double click on the result value to View. The Results Detail window displays

3. Result tab displays more detailed result information
Action List tab displays result activity in chronological order

Graphing Results

You have the ability to create graphical representatives of selected results. This enables you to quickly identify trends or changes in result patterns.

1. Select the gray box(es) to the left of the result(s) to be graphed.

2. Select on the toolbar. The Flowsheet Graph window displays a graphical representation of the selected result.
3. Right-click on any circled result point on the chart and View Details to display results.

4. Select Close to close Result Details.

5. Select Close to close graph.

Note: If graphing multiple results, select more than one test. DO NOT graph more than three results as the graph becomes distorted and difficult to read.
**Bookmark Results**

Bookmarking results creates a visual indicator to you that the results have been viewed. After the results are viewed and bookmarked, the results change from blue to black. This helps to identify new results and the ones reviewed by you.

1. Select on the toolbar. The results update from blue to black reflecting the results have been reviewed.

**Seeker**

The seeker is a tool that enables you to quickly scroll to a result location on the flowsheet. Vertical line segments represent results in the sequence they occurred. The seeker is most helpful in locating critical results, indicated in red and spot major clinical occurrence.

1. Click from the patient’s flowsheet. When the Seeker is displayed, it represents the portion of the flowsheet matching the search criteria you entered. The rectangle outlined represents the current screen display area.

2. Drag the rectangle to any part of the Seeker and release. The view in your flowsheet window changes to correspond with the focused range.

3. Click to close the seeker.
Patient Care Summary views

1. All Results
2. Laboratory Results
3. Radiology Results
4. Clinical Notes

All Results
Displays all results on one flow sheet

View Laboratory Results
1. Double-click on the selected result
2. The Result Details window displays

View Radiology Results
1. Double-click on the selected result.
2. The Result Details window displays.

View Clinical Notes
1. Double-click on the select Clinical Note.
2. Select the appropriate function and complete.

11. Clinical Notes - Practice Scenario

Clinical documents are used to support and document patient care and are part of patient’s permanent record. Clinical documents are immediately available to all authorized individuals via the PowerChart Clinical Notes tab with the patient’s chart. Documents for the selected patient are listed in an expandable document tree, which can be sorted by date, type, author or status.

In this scenario, you will:

- View a Document
- View Document History
Viewing a Clinical Document

Clinical notes from a patient’s chart can be viewed by authorized individuals.

Click the Clinical Notes tab in the patient’s chart to display the window.

1. Lists of clinical documents are displayed in a document tree for the time frame or document count displayed on the information bar.

   **Note:** If No Results Found is displayed in the document tree, change the search criteria via the Information Bar.

2. Double-click on the Documents folder to display sub folders.

3. Click plus sign to open the applicable folder and select the appropriate document.

4. Double-click on the selected document to display.
View Document History

Any action applied to a clinical document adds an event to the document history. This information is maintained in the document history panel, which is hidden from view.

1. Select the appropriate document to view.
2. Place the cursor just beneath the bottom scroll bar until the cursor changes it to an I-beam cursor.
3. Press and hold down the left mouse button while moving the mouse upward to drag the lower border of the document panel upward.
4. Release the left mouse button to display the document history.
12. Glossary

- **Click** – To tap on a mouse button, pressing it down and then immediately releasing it. The phrase to click on means to select (a screen object) by moving the mouse pointer to the objects position and clicking the left mouse button.

- **Cursor** – The flashing marker that tells you where you are on the screen

  - **Context Menu** – A menu displays when you right-click on text, objects or other items. Also referred to as a Shortcut menu.

- **Default** – Preset information in the system that automatically appears

- **Double click** – Clicking a mouse button twice in rapid succession. The second click must immediately follow the first; otherwise the program will interpret them as two separate clicks rather than one double click.

- **Dithered** – Icon or menu item that is gray in color which is not available to use or select.

- **Left click** – To click the left mouse button. When instructions call for a screen object to be “clicked” a left-click is inferred.

- **Maximize** – Located on the menu bar or title bar of the active window. It is used to maximize the window so that it takes up the entire desktop.

- **Menu** – Displays a list of commands. Some of the commands have images next to them so you can quickly associate the command with the image. Menus are located on the menu bar at the top of the FirstNet window.

- **Minimize** – Located on the menu bar or title bar of the active window. It is used to minimize the window so that it appears only on the Windows taskbar.

- **Mouse** – A device used to move the cursor around on the screen

- **PC** – Personal computers

- **Right click** – To click the right mouse button. A right-click opens a drop-down menu with a list of options.

- **Scrollbar** – Located on the right and bottom of some screens and is used to adjust the view on screen.

- **Shortcut Menu** – Available when you right-click text, objects, or other items.

- **Title bar** – Located at the top of the each window and is used to identify that window.

- **Toolbar** – A toolbar can contain buttons with images (the same images you see next to corresponding menu commands), menus, or a combination of both.